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.Reducing myocardial ischemia in patients with acute myocardial infarction. The risk of recurrent coronary ischemia is very high among patients with acute myocardial infarction (AMI). To assess the utility of adjunct stress testing in the management of patients with AMI, a randomized, prospective study was conducted comparing the combined use of isosorbide dinitrate and exercise stress testing (N = 91) with traditional assessment of risk factors for future coronary events (N = 86). Patients with AMI on reperfusion therapy completed stress testing at 9 +/- 4 days of hospitalization. Adjunct testing was associated with a 60% relative risk reduction in recurrent ischemic events and a 76% reduction in coronary events. These findings were similar in diabetic and nondiabetic patients. The increased risk of recurrent ischemia among diabetics was more prevalent in the presence of multivessel coronary artery disease than in the absence of coronary artery disease. The frequent occurrence of recurrent ischemia in patients with multivessel coronary artery disease suggests that in such patients the timing of coronary revascularization is crucial.A methodology for the characterization and modeling of electromagnetic fields in anelastic seismic waveguides. A methodology is developed to perform in-situ measurement and modeling of electro-magnetic (EM) waves in a waveguide (WG). Using a combined multiple-source/multiple-receiver experimental system, the EM field in a WG is measured and the magnetic field distribution in the WG is calculated. Simultaneously, the mechanical deformation associated with the EM field is recorded in the WG using a two-component displacement transducer. Using the mechanical response, the induced EM field is modeled in the WG using an elastic waveguide model with a homogeneous parameter distribution. The capabilities and limitations of the experimental methodology are demonstrated for a representative WG model: a section of a buried transmission line.2219 Fennell 2219 Fennell, provisional designation, is a Craterian asteroid from the inner regions of the asteroid belt, approximately 5 kilometers in diameter. It was discovered on 23 September 1949, by Austrian astronomer Johann Palisa at Heidelberg Observatory in southern Germany. The asteroid was named after the discoverer's daughter, Judit Fennell. Orbit and classification Fennell is a member of the Crater family (), a large group of asteroids that reside between the orbits of d0c515b9f4

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Da odo 08.11.2019 I´m not sure where you are getting your information, but great topic. I needs to spend some time learning more or understanding more. Thanks for excellent info I was looking for this info for my mission.Q: Code to generate a bell-like sound in java? I'm trying to write a small app in java which generates a bell-like sound like this. I have been looking into how to generate this sound in java with a high precision and I've been unable to find any information. Could someone point me in the right direction? If anyone can also recommend a similar sounding instrument I would appreciate it. I'm looking for a quality sounding instrument as opposed to the irritating incoming call ring tone. A: The best way I would say is creating a sample. Then you can play this sample (which may not sound like a bell but can be modified to have that sound). Then you can change the tone depending on what you want. I suggest you have a look at the CAS library. Q: How can I tell if an object is a tibble? I'm trying to find an R method to determine if an object is a tibble. How can I do this? A: If you have a tibble and want to check whether it has been created using the tibble function, you can check its class: > tibble(a=1) # A tibble: 1 x 2 a # But this isn't a tibble > my.tibble class(my.tibble) [1] "data.frame" If you have a tibble and are not sure whether it was created using a tibble function, you can use is.data.frame: > tibble(a=1) # A tibble: 1 x 2 a # Is this a tibble? > is.data.frame(my.tibble) [1] TRUE # Or this? > is.data.frame(my.tibble, check.names=FALSE) [1] FALSE Or, you could just look for rows or columns with names starting with DT: > my.tibble